

World Languages Curriculum Spanish III Curriculum



Grades 9-12

Unit 6: Los artes: el cine, el teatro y la televisión

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Course Description

Philosophy

Paterson Public Schools is committed to seeing that all students progress and develop the required skills to support second language acquisition. At the completion of a strong series of course studies, students will be able to:

- Demonstrate knowledge of vocabulary pertaining to thematic unit contexts
- Express thoughts and ideas on a variety of topics
- Move progressively from simple sentence structures to a more complex use of verbs, adjectives, adverbs, richer expressions, etc...
- Rely on background knowledge to develop fluency in the second language related to their daily lives, families, and communities
- Compose short dialogues, stories and narratives, on a variety of topics
- Describe the products, practices and perspectives of the target culture
- Read, listen, and understand age-appropriate authentic materials presented by natives for natives, as well as familiar materials translated from English into the target language
- Become global citizens, understanding and respecting cultural differences, and promoting acceptance of all people from all cultures

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Overview

The Spanish program in Paterson Public Schools is guided by the NJ DOE Model Curriculum for World Languages. Students will focus on acquiring communication skills and cultural exposure through 7 units of study. This course encompasses the N.J.C.C.C. Standards for World Languages, which address the need to prepare all students for an interdependent world.

The World Language units of study for Spanish III are as follows:

Unit 1: La salud, el aseo y rutinas diarias

Unit 2: Comida y nutrición

Unit 3: La familia

Unit 4: El futuro

Unit 5: España y sus regiones

Unit 6: Artes: el cine, el teatro y la televisión

Unit 7: El sistema político de España

Educational Technology Standards

8.1.12.A.1, 8.1.12.A.2, 8.1.12.B.2, 8.1.12.C.1, 8.1.12.D.1, 8.1.12.D.2, 8.1.12.D.3, 8.1.12.E.1, 8.1.12.F.1

> Technology Operations and Concepts

- Create a personal digital portfolio which reflects personal and academic interests, achievements, and career aspirations by using a variety of digital tools and resources
- Produce and edit a multi-page digital document for a commercial or professional audience and present it to peers and/or professionals in that related area for review.

> Creativity and Innovation

Apply previous content knowledge by creating and piloting a digital learning game or tutorial.

Communication and Collaboration

• Develop an innovative solution to a real world problem or issue in collaboration with peers and experts, and present ideas for feedback through social media or in an online community.

Digital Citizenship

- Demonstrate appropriate application of copyright, fair use and/or Creative Commons to an original work.
- Evaluate consequences of unauthorized electronic access and disclosure, and on dissemination of personal information.
- Compare and contrast policies on filtering and censorship both locally and globally.

> Research and Information Literacy

 Produce a position statement about a real world problem by developing a systematic plan of investigation with peers and experts synthesizing information from multiple sources.

> Critical Thinking, Problem Solving, Decision Making

• Evaluate the strengths and limitations of emerging technologies and their impact on educational, career, personal and or social needs.

Career Ready Practices describe the career-ready skills that all educators in all content areas should seek to develop in their students. They are practices that have been linked to increase college, career, and life success. Career Ready Practices should be taught and reinforced in all career exploration and preparation programs with increasingly higher levels of complexity and expectation as a student advances through a program of study.

CRP1. Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee

Career-ready individuals understand the obligations and responsibilities of being a member of a community, and they demonstrate this understanding every day through their interactions with others. They are conscientious of the impacts of their decisions on others and the environment around them. They think about the near-term and long-term consequences of their actions and seek to act in ways that contribute to the betterment of their teams, families, community and workplace. They are reliable and consistent in going beyond the minimum expectation and in participating in activities that serve the greater good.

CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.

Career-ready individuals readily access and use the knowledge and skills acquired through experience and education to be more productive. They make connections between abstract concepts with real-world applications, and they make correct insights about when it is appropriate to apply the use of an academic skill in a workplace situation

CRP3. Attend to personal health and financial well-being.

Career-ready individuals understand the relationship between personal health, workplace performance and personal well-being; they act on that understanding to regularly practice healthy diet, exercise and mental health activities. Career-ready individuals also take regular action to contribute to their personal financial wellbeing, understanding that personal financial security provides the peace of mind required to contribute more fully to their own career success.

CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.

Career-ready individuals communicate thoughts, ideas, and action plans with clarity, whether using written, verbal, and/or visual methods. They communicate in the workplace with clarity and purpose to make maximum use of their own and others' time. They are excellent writers; they master conventions, word choice, and organization, and use effective tone and presentation skills to articulate ideas. They are skilled at interacting with others; they are active listeners and speak clearly and with purpose. Career-ready individuals think about the audience for their communication and prepare accordingly to ensure the desired outcome.

CRP5. Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions.

Career-ready individuals understand the interrelated nature of their actions and regularly make decisions that positively impact and/or mitigate negative impact on other people, organization, and the environment. They are aware of and utilize new technologies, understandings, procedures, materials, and regulations affecting the nature of their work as it relates to the impact on the social condition, the environment and the profitability of the organization.

CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.

Career-ready individuals regularly think of ideas that solve problems in new and different ways, and they contribute those ideas in a useful and productive manner to improve their organization. They can consider unconventional ideas and suggestions as solutions to issues, tasks or problems, and they discern which ideas and suggestions will add greatest value. They seek new methods, practices, and ideas from a variety of sources and seek to apply those ideas to their own workplace. They take action on their ideas and understand how to bring innovation to an organization.

CRP7. Employ valid and reliable research strategies.

Career-ready individuals are discerning in accepting and using new information to make decisions, change practices or inform strategies. They use reliable research process to search for new information. They evaluate the validity of sources when considering the use and adoption of external information or practices in their workplace situation.

CRP8. Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

Career-ready individuals readily recognize problems in the workplace, understand the nature of the problem, and devise effective plans to solve the problem. They are aware of problems when they occur and take action quickly to address the problem; they thoughtfully investigate the root cause of the problem prior to introducing solutions. They carefully consider the options to solve the problem. Once a solution is agreed upon, they follow through to ensure the problem is solved, whether through their own actions or the actions of others.

CRP9. Model integrity, ethical leadership and effective management.

Career-ready individuals consistently act in ways that align personal and community-held ideals and principles while employing strategies to positively influence others in the workplace. They have a clear understanding of integrity and act on this understanding in every decision. They use a variety of means to positively impact the directions and actions of a team or organization, and they apply insights into human behavior to change others' action, attitudes and/or beliefs. They recognize the near-term and long-term effects that management's actions and attitudes can have on productivity, morals and organizational culture.

CRP10. Plan education and career paths aligned to personal goals.

Career-ready individuals take personal ownership of their own education and career goals, and they regularly act on a plan to attain these goals. They understand their own career interests, preferences, goals, and requirements. They have perspective regarding the pathways available to them and the time, effort, experience and other requirements to pursue each, including a path of entrepreneurship. They recognize the value of each step in the education and experiential process, and they recognize that nearly all career paths require ongoing education and experience. They seek counselors, mentors, and other experts to assist in the planning and execution of career and personal goals.

CRP11. Use technology to enhance productivity.

Career-ready individuals find and maximize the productive value of existing and new technology to accomplish workplace tasks and solve workplace problems. They are flexible and adaptive in acquiring new technology. They are proficient with ubiquitous technology applications. They understand the inherent risks-personal and organizational-of technology applications, and they take actions to prevent or mitigate these risks.

CRP12. Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence.

Career-ready individuals positively contribute to every team, whether formal or informal. They apply an awareness of cultural difference to avoid barriers to productive and positive interaction. They find ways to increase the engagement and contribution of all team members. They plan and facilitate effective team meetings.



	Pacing Chart – Unit 6					
#	Student Learning Objective	CCSS	5 weeks			
1	Identify Spanish leading actors and demonstrate knowledge of the Spanish movie industry and its impact on Hollywood.	7.1.NH.A.3 7.1.NH.A.5 7.1.NH.A.6 7.1.NH.C.2 7.1.NH.C.3				
2	Identify classic playwrights, demonstrate knowledge of Spanish language theatre and analyze theatrical scenes.	7.1.NH.A.4 7.1.NH.B.5 7.1.NH.C.3 7.1.NH.C.4 7.1.IL.A.7				
3	Demonstrate comprehension of the impact of TV on the Spanish language and American cultures.	7.1.NH.A.5 7.1.NH.C.3				
4	Identify and discuss the influence of reality TV shows on teen culture.	7.1.NH.A.5 7.1.NH.C.2				



Differentiated Instruction

Accommodate Based on Students Individual Needs: Strategies

Time/General

- Extra time for assigned tasks
- Adjust length of assignment
- Timeline with due dates for reports and projects
- Communication system between home and school
- Provide lecture notes/outline

Processing

- Extra Response time
- Have students verbalize steps
- Repeat, clarify or reword directions
- Mini-breaks between tasks
- Provide a warning for transitions
- Reading partners

Comprehension

- Precise step-by-step directions
- Short manageable tasks
- Brief and concrete directions
- Provide immediate feedback
- Small group instruction
- Emphasize multi-sensory learning

Recall

- Teacher-made checklist
- Use visual graphic organizers
- Reference resources to promote independence
- Visual and verbal reminders
- Graphic organizers

Assistive Technology

- Computer/whiteboard
- Tape recorder
- Spell-checker
- Audio-taped books

Tests/Quizzes/Grading

- Extended time
- Study guides
- Shortened tests
- Read directions aloud

Behavior/Attention

- Consistent daily structured routine
- Simple and clear classroom rules
- Frequent feedback

Organization

- Individual daily planner
- Display a written agenda
- Note-taking assistance
- Color code materials



Enrichment

Accommodate Based on Students Individual Needs: Strategies

- Adaption of Material and Requirements
- Open-ended Activities
- Elevated Text Complexity
- Additional Projects
- Independent Student Options
- Projects Completed Individually or with Partners
- Individual Response Boards
- Tiered/Multi Level Activities
- Learning Centers
- Circumlocution Strategies
- Picture Similarity Description
- R.A.F.T.
- Opportunities to Sustain Discourse



Assessments

Suggested Formative/Summative Classroom Assessments

- Timelines, Maps, Charts, Graphic Organizers
- Unit Assessments, Chapter Assessments, Quizzes
- Integrated Performance Assessments
- Accountable Talk, Debate, Oral Report, Roleplaying, Think/Pair/Share
- Projects, Portfolio, Presentations, Prezi, Gallery Walks, Padlet
- Homework
- Concept Mapping
- Primary and Secondary Source analysis
- Photo, Video, Song Analysis
- Create an Original Song, Film, or Poem
- Glogster to Make Electronic Posters
- Tumblr to Create a Blog
- Makebeliefscomix to Create a Comic Strip



Enduring Understanding

- Movies and big screen actors have a substantial influence on society
- ➤ Playwrights create classics that have a role in shaping the society
- > Music is a universal language.
- > Through art, we learn about others and honor the world in which they live.
- > The role of an actor is to translate an engaging and believable portrayal of the written character onto the screen.
- > The arts serve multiple functions: enlightenment, education, and entertainment.

Grade: 9-12	Unit: Six	Topic: Los artes: el cine, el teatro y la televisión					
NICCCS: 71 NH A 3 71 N	H A 4 7 1 NH A 5 7 1 NH A 6 7	1 NH R 5 7 1 NH C 2 7 1 NH C 3 7 1 NH C 4 7 1 II. A 7					
NJCCCS: 7.1.NH.A.3, 7.1.NH.A.4, 7.1.NH.A.5, 7.1.NH.A.6, 7.1.NH.B.5, 7.1.NH.C.2, 7.1.NH.C.3, 7.1.NH.C.4, 7.1.IL.A.7							
ACTFL Modes of Commun	ication:						
➤ Interpersonal							
➤ Interpretive							
> Presentational							

NJDOE Student Learning Objectives	Essential Question	Sample Activities	Resources	Cultural Products, Practices, and Perspectives
SLO # 1 Identify Spanish leading actors and demonstrate knowledge of the Spanish movie industry and its	What role does a hero or a heroine play in our lives? What is the impact of	Biography Teacher assigns a Spanish actor/actress to each student. Their task is to write a biographical account of their	¡Avancemos! 3 Comparación Cultural La literatura y el cine Textbook: p. 456 ¡Avancemos! 2	During the early days of the Academy Awards, child award winners received miniature-sized Oscars. The <i>Ariel</i> statue is based on
impact on Hollywood.	What is the impact of	work. Assuming the star's	Unidad 6 - Lección 2	an original sculpture by



NJDOE Student Learning Objectives	Essential Question	Sample Activities	Resources	Cultural Products, Practices, and Perspectives
7.1.NH.A.3 Recognize some common gestures and cultural practices associated with target culture(s). 7.1.NH.A.5 Demonstrate comprehension of short conversations and brief written messages on familiar topics. 7.1.NH.A.6 Identify the main idea and other significant ideas in readings from age- and level-appropriate, culturally authentic materials. 7.1.NH.C.2 Create and present brief messages, poems, rhymes, songs, short plays, or role-	 movies on a culture? Is there a global impact? Who are the leading directors and actors in the Spanish language film industry? Who are the Spanish actors who had leading roles in American movies? 	identity, students present a report to the class. Journal Entry Write a page long detailed description of your favorite movie and explain the impact it had on you and why. Share it with a partner. Teacher selects few samples to share with the class. Reading Comprehension In pairs, students read El Óscar y el Ariel, discuss the contents and answer the questions. Optional- Play the audio CD. Compare and Contrast Watch a movie trailer starring a Spanish actor who also acts in Hollywood. Compare and contrast cinematography and their performance. Decide on your preference for their work	¡Somos estrellas! Textbook: pp 332-39 DVD 2 CD 7: Tracks 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 Cuaderno: pp 269-279 ¡Avancemos! 2 Comparación Cultural Los actores hispanos en Hollywood Textbook: p. 346 ¡Avancemos! 2 El Óscar y el Ariel: dos premios prestigiosos Textbook: pp 350-351 CD 7: Track 21 Actors Javier Bardem Antonio Banderas Penelope Cruz	Mexican artist Ignacio Asúnolo. The original name of the city of Los Ángeles was El Pueblo de Nuestra Señora la Reina de los Ángeles del Rio Porciúncula. Hollywood, capital of the movie industry is in Los Angeles. Andy Garcia



NJDOE Student Learning Objectives	Essential Question	Sample Activities	Resources	Cultural Products, Practices, and Perspectives
vocabulary orally or in writing.		back your opinion up with facts.	Andy García Etc	
7.1.NH.C.3 Describe in writing people and things from the home and school environment.		Circumlocution: Students work together in pairs. Provide Partner A with a list of 5 vocabulary words and Partner B with a different list. Partners may not share their lists with each other. Partner A starts by giving some clues in the target language so that Partner B will guess his first word. He/she continues with different ways to convey the message until Partner B guesses and the word and then the roles are reversed. Students should be equipped with target language paraphrases for this activity.	Volver - Movie Trailer https://www.youtube.c om/watch?v=ABSvppy QGdE	
SLO # 2	What is theatre?	Colón agarra viaje a toda costa (parte 4)	¡Avancemos! 3 Unidad 8 - Lección 2	Murgas During the 40 days of Carnival in Uruguay,
Identify classic playwrights, demonstrate knowledge of Spanish	How are the roles of	Play the audio to students. In groups of three or four,	Tema: El drama Textbook: pp 476-499 CD 16: Tracks 1,2, 3,	murgas, or groups of 18 to 20 men perform in open air stages all over the city. Their



Essential Question	Sample Activities	Resources	Cultural Products, Practices, and Perspectives
actors in a theatrical setting different from that of the movies?	students read the dialogue, answer questions and discuss their findings with the whole group.	4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 Cuaderno: pp 367-377	shows combine song, drama, and comedy. The celebration is a reflection of the country because the shows satirize
• Is there a narrator in a theatrical work? How is developed?	Dialogue Creation In groups of three, students are to write a dialogue between Columbus and the	¡Avancemos! 3 Colón agarra viaje a toda costa (parte 4) Textbook: pp 495-497 CD 16: Track 10	the main events of the year and are critiques of Uruguayan politics and culture.
	dialogue should involve Columbus pleading his case for money to make his trip. The King and Queen should	¡Avancemos! 3 Lectura Literaria Textbook: pp 496-497	Teatro Colón in Buenos Aires, Argentina is the second largest performing arts theater in the southern
	express their reservations. Volunteer groups perform their dialogues for the whole class.	CD 16: Irack 10	hemisphere, second only to the Sydney Opera House in Australia. In addition to its exquisite architecture, it is lavishly decorated in gold and plush velvet. The theater
	Essay Write a one page Essay on platonic love. Do you believe such love exists today and is it real? Support your statements		also has a gigantic crystal chandelier with more than 700 lights. Lope de Vega Miguel de Cervantes &
	actors in a theatrical setting different from that of the movies? • Is there a narrator in a theatrical work? How	actors in a theatrical setting different from that of the movies? Is there a narrator in a theatrical work? How is developed? Dialogue Creation In groups of three, students are to write a dialogue between Columbus and the King and Queen of Spain. The dialogue should involve Columbus pleading his case for money to make his trip. The King and Queen should ask Columbus questions and express their reservations. Volunteer groups perform their dialogues for the whole class. Essay Write a one page Essay on platonic love. Do you believe such love exists today and is it	actors in a theatrical setting different from that of the movies? • Is there a narrator in a theatrical work? How is developed? • Is there a narrator in a theatrical work? How is developed? • Is there a narrator in a theatrical work? How is developed? • Is there a narrator in a theatrical work? How is developed? • Is there a narrator in a theatrical work? How is developed? • In groups of three, students are to write a dialogue between Columbus and the King and Queen of Spain. The dialogue should involve Columbus pleading his case for money to make his trip. The King and Queen should ask Columbus questions and express their reservations. Volunteer groups perform their dialogues for the whole class. • Essay Write a one page Essay on platonic love. Do you believe such love exists today and is it

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NJDOE Student Learning Objectives	Essential Question	Sample Activities	Resources	Cultural Products, Practices, and Perspectives
7.1.IL.A.7 Infer the meaning of a few unfamiliar words in some new contexts.		TPR Storytelling Create a TPR story about one of Don Quixote's exploits. Teach the class the gestures to re-tell the episode on their own. Compare and Contrast Compare and contrast one Spanish playwright to an American/British playwright using a Venn Diagram. Acting Act out a scene from a theatrical piece of your choice in Spanish.	Spanish Theatre http://www.classicspani shbooks.com/contempo rary-spanish- theatre.html Biblioteca Virtual: Miguel de Cervantes http://www.cervantesvi rtual.com/portales/cant ar de mio cid/ ;Avancemos! 3 Comparación Cultural Los teatros: monumentales obras de arte Textbook: p. 490	were famous Spanish playwrights. Cervantes was the first to introduce carácter development in storytelling. In his famous book, Don Quixote de la Mancha, the two protagonists are opposites who engage in many episodes and adventures together.
SLO # 3 Demonstrate comprehension of the impact of TV on the	What is the impact of television on teenagers?	Listings discussion Visit both Spanish and American TV guide listings, compare and contrast similarities and differences.	TV en Directo Gratis http://www.teledirecto.es/ Canales de	Game showsSoap operasMini-seriesReality ShowsTV movies



NJDOE Student Learning Objectives	Essential Question	Sample Activities	Resources	Cultural Products, Practices, and Perspectives
Spanish language and American cultures. 7.1.NH.A.5 Demonstrate comprehension of short conversations and brief written messages on familiar topics. 7.1.NH.C.3 Describe in writing people and things from the home and school environment.	 Should prime-time television be censored? What are the differences between Spanish language and American prime-time shows? 	Discuss your observations with a partner. You may include times, descriptions, types of channels, etc Journal Entry Write a journal entry of one paragraph describing your favorite TV show. Include time, channel, day, and the reason(s) you enjoy it so much. Graph/Chart Select a TV personality and create a timeline of his/her career, including titles and year. Present your TV personality to the class. Synopsis for TV Select a movie or a TV show (one episode) and write a synopsis in Spanish. Read aloud your synopsis and have the class guess the title of the	televisiones de España http://www.tvgratis.tv/ ver-television-gratis- en-directo-por- internet/canales-de-tv- de-espana.html TV Guide in Spanish http://www.tvguia.es/ Las mejores telenovelas Mexicanas https://www.youtube.c om/watch?v=CFR- 7y7kAs8 ;Avancemos! 4 Comparación Cultural La televisión de tres naciones hispanohablantes Textbook: pp. 414-417	 Sports Arts Music Telenovelas TV Guide listings are in military time.

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NJDOE Student Learning Objectives	Essential Question	Sample Activities	Resources	Cultural Products, Practices, and Perspectives
SLO # 4 Identify and discuss the influence of reality TV	• Are Reality Shows real?	movie or show. Debate In groups of four students, discuss the influence of reality	La historia del reality show- article http://columnazero.com/telerrealidad-la-	- Birth of Reality Shows in 1992 with MTV- The Real World New York
shows on teen culture. 7.1.NH.A.5 Demonstrate comprehension of short conversations and brief written messages on familiar topics.	 What is the impact of Reality TV on our culture? What are the characteristics of reality shows? 	TV on teenagers. Once the major conflict has been determined, the teacher will assign you a side. Your team will debate in favor of the point of view that you were given. Mini-Scene	historia-del-reality-show/ Ejemplo de telerrealidad- video https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uCmyEv G4_TM	 American Idol The Amazing Race Hell's Kitchen The Real World Top Model The Bachelor Survivor
7.1.NH.C.2 Create and present brief messages, poems, rhymes, songs, short plays, or roleplays using familiar vocabulary orally or in writing.	Why is our culture fixated with Reality Shows?	In groups of four students, create a reality show scene in Spanish that addresses a real life scenario. Present and perform your scene to the class. It must be a minimum of 2 minutes.	Definición de telerrealidad https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ABHabULLZLc	
witting.		Graph/Chart Research and create a	Un anuncio - video https://www.youtube.c	



NJDOE Student Learning Objectives	Essential Question	Sample Activities	Resources	Cultural Products, Practices, and Perspectives
		graph/chart on the average cost of a reality show vs. the average cost of a TV show.	om/watch?v=IdQqQZu KS3s	
		<u>Comic</u>	Makebeliefscomix	
		Using makebeliefscomix.com, create a comic illustrating the aggressiveness of Reality TV.	http://www.makebelief scomix.com/	



Unit 6 Vocabulary

Unidad 6: Vocabulario: Los artes: el cine, el teatro y la televisión

Vocabulario: el cine	Vocabulario : el teatro	Vocabulario: la televisión	<u>Los verbos</u>
Una película	La escena	El servicio de cable	Contar
Una escena	La decoración	La televisión terrestre	Tratar
El inicio	Los bastidores	Un canal de televisión privado	Hacer llorar
El fin	La cortina	Un canal de televisión público	Faire reír
El tema	El foso de la orquesta	Un canal de televisión de cable	Asustar
El tipo	La iluminación	Las noticias	Filmar
La pantalla	El proyector	El diario televisado	Registrar
La historia	El director	Un programa	Girar
La relación	La producción	Un reportaje	Iluminar
La muchedumbre	Una estrella	La programación	Maquillar
El cineasta	Un escritor	El presentador	Vestir
El director/ la directora	Un acto	La tele	Doblar
El espectador/ la espectadora	Un diálogo	Un programa cultural	Subtitular
La camera	Un monólogo	Un programa político	Montar
El escenario	Une farsa	Un debate	Dar
El efecto	Un mimo	Un programa de variedades	Mirar
Un cortometraje	Un ópera	Un partido (de fútbol, de	Escuchar
El personaje/ el personaje	Una opereta	tenis)	Realizar
principal	Una pantomima	La película de la semana	Registrar
Un actor/una actriz	Una máscara	Un largometraje	Silbar
Un critique/une critique	Una sátira	Una telenovela	Desafiar
La comedia	Una obra de teatro	Una serie de televisión	Cortejar
El tráiler	La repetición	Un programa telerealidad	Dejar
La taquilla	La representación	Un programa en vivo (<i>live</i>)	Abandonar
Una comedia musical	Las adaptaciones literarios	Un emisión en diferido	Hacer una obra



Unit 6 Vocabulary

Unidad 6: Vocabulario: Los artes: el cine, el teatro y la televisión

Cindud 6. Vocabulario. Los artes, el teatro y la televisión					
Una caricatura	El quid pro quo	(recorded)	Dar una obra de teatro		
Una película de amor		Un film	Entrar en escena		
Una película de aventura		Un documentario	Estar nervioso (a)		
Una película de terror		Una repetición de programa (re-	Ser		
Una película de acción		run)	Estar		
Una película de ciencia ficción		Los adjetivos	Ir al cine		
Una película en blanco y negro		Cinematográfico/(a)	A ver una película		
Una película policiaca		Estético	Disfrazar		
Genero burlesco		Creativo (a)	Declamar		
Es una película dirigida por		Cronológico (a)			
Mi personaje favorito es		Dramático (a)			
He ha gustado mucho porque		Ficticio (a)			
		Narrativo (a)			
		Óptico (a)			
		Panorámico (a)			
		Poderoso (a)			
		Vivido (a)			
		Distinguido (a)			
		Independiente			
		Subtitulo			
		En versión español doblada			
		En versión original			



Unit 6 Grammar

This Unit will focus on the following grammatical concepts:

Verb tenses:

• Irregular Present Subjunctive

Unit Project (Choose 1)

1. Design a movie poster. Include an eye-catching graphic, a creative title, a movie rating, a list of stars and three comments by movie critics.

Provide a rubric

2. Create a PowerPoint biography on your favorite movie or TV actor/actress. Include birthplace and date, major pictures, accomplishments, spouse(s)/partner(s), death place, date and reason (if applicable), and anything else that is relevant to that person. Present your Biography in Spanish to the class.

Provide a rubric