

Construction Trades I

Course Description

This first sequence course for the Architecture and Construction Trades builds a knowledge base and technical skills in all aspects of the industry. Learners will be exposed to a broad range of architecture and construction careers and cluster foundation knowledge and skills including basic safety, plan reading, use of tools and equipment and basic rigging as well as how to employ positive work ethics in their careers. Concepts of Construction are introduced including Floor Systems, Wall Systems, Roof Systems and Structure Enclosure but are developed in subsequent sequences. This course provides a prerequisite for the next level. Students will be able to build small projects such as jewelry box, wall shelves, small cabinets, tables and toolboxes

Construction Trades I

Pacing Guide		
Unit	Topic	Suggested Timing
Unit 1	Workshop/ Workplace Safety	approx. 3 weeks
Unit 2	Construction materials	approx. 7 weeks
Unit 3	Hand tools	approx. 15 weeks
Unit 4	Power tools	approx. 10 weeks

Educational Technology Standards

8.1.12.A.1, 8.1.12.B.2, 8.1.12.C.1, 8.1.12.D.1, 8.1.12.E.1, 8.1.12.F.1

- **Technology Operations and Concepts**
 - Create a personal digital portfolio which reflects personal and academic interests, achievements, and career aspirations by using a variety of digital tools and resources.
- **Creativity and Innovation**
 - Apply previous content knowledge by creating and piloting a digital learning game or tutorial.
- **Communication and Collaboration**
 - Develop an innovative solution to a real world problem or issue in collaboration with peers and experts, and present ideas for feedback through social media or in an online community.
- **Digital Citizenship**
 - Demonstrate appropriate application of copyright, fair use and/or Creative Commons to an original work.
- **Research and Information Literacy**
 - Produce a position statement about a real world problem by developing a systematic plan of investigation with peers and experts synthesizing information from multiple sources.
- **Critical Thinking, Problem Solving, Decision Making**
 - Evaluate the strengths and limitations of emerging technologies and their impact on educational, career, personal and or social needs.

Career Ready Practices

Career Ready Practices describe the career-ready skills that all educators in all content areas should seek to develop in their students. They are practices that have been linked to increase college, career, and life success. Career Ready Practices should be taught and reinforced in all career exploration and preparation programs with increasingly higher levels of complexity and expectation as a student advances through a program of study.

CRP1. Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee

Career-ready individuals understand the obligations and responsibilities of being a member of a community, and they demonstrate this understanding every day through their interactions with others. They are conscientious of the impacts of their decisions on others and the environment around them. They think about the near-term and long-term consequences of their actions and seek to act in ways that contribute to the betterment of their teams, families, community and workplace. They are reliable and consistent in going beyond the minimum expectation and in participating in activities that serve the greater good.

CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.

Career-ready individuals readily access and use the knowledge and skills acquired through experience and education to be more productive. They make connections between abstract concepts with real-world applications, and they make correct insights about when it is appropriate to apply the use of an academic skill in a workplace situation.

CRP3. Attend to personal health and financial well-being.

Career-ready individuals understand the relationship between personal health, workplace performance and personal well-being; they act on that understanding to regularly practice healthy diet, exercise and mental health activities. Career-ready individuals also take regular action to contribute to their personal financial well-being, understanding that personal financial security provides the peace of mind required to contribute more fully to their own career success.

CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.

Career-ready individuals communicate thoughts, ideas, and action plans with clarity, whether using written, verbal, and/or visual methods. They communicate in the workplace with clarity and purpose to make maximum use of their own and others' time. They are excellent writers; they master conventions, word choice, and organization, and use effective tone and presentation skills to articulate ideas. They are skilled at interacting with others; they are active listeners and speak clearly and with purpose. Career-ready individuals think about the audience for their communication and prepare accordingly to ensure the desired outcome.

CRP5. Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions.

Career-ready individuals understand the interrelated nature of their actions and regularly make decisions that positively impact and/or mitigate negative impact on other people, organization, and the environment. They are aware of and utilize new technologies, understandings, procedures, materials, and regulations affecting the nature of their work as it relates to the impact on the social condition, the environment and the profitability of the organization.

CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.

Career-ready individuals regularly think of ideas that solve problems in new and different ways, and they contribute those ideas in a useful and productive manner to improve their organization. They can consider unconventional ideas and suggestions as solutions to issues, tasks or problems, and they discern which ideas and suggestions will add greatest value. They seek new methods, practices, and ideas from a variety of sources and seek to apply those ideas to their own workplace. They take action on their ideas and understand how to bring innovation to an organization.

CRP7. Employ valid and reliable research strategies.

Career-ready individuals are discerning in accepting and using new information to make decisions, change practices or inform strategies. They use reliable research process to search for new information. They evaluate the validity of sources when considering the use and adoption of external information or practices in their workplace situation.

CRP8. Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

Career-ready individuals readily recognize problems in the workplace, understand the nature of the problem, and devise effective plans to solve the problem. They are aware of problems when they occur and take action quickly to address the problem; they thoughtfully investigate the root cause of the problem prior to introducing solutions. They carefully consider the options to solve the problem. Once a solution is agreed upon, they follow through to ensure the problem is solved, whether through their own actions or the actions of others.

CRP9. Model integrity, ethical leadership and effective management.

Career-ready individuals consistently act in ways that align personal and community-held ideals and principles while employing strategies to positively influence others in the workplace. They have a clear understanding of integrity and act on this understanding in every decision. They use a variety of means to positively impact the directions and actions of a team or organization, and they apply insights into human behavior to change others' action, attitudes and/or beliefs. They recognize the near-term and long-term effects that management's actions and attitudes can have on productivity, morals and organizational culture.

CRP10. Plan education and career paths aligned to personal goals.

Career-ready individuals take personal ownership of their own education and career goals, and they regularly act on a plan to attain these goals. They understand their own career interests, preferences, goals, and requirements. They have perspective regarding the pathways available to them and the time, effort, experience and other requirements to pursue each, including a path of entrepreneurship. They recognize the value of each step in the education and experiential process, and they recognize that nearly all career paths require ongoing education and experience. They seek counselors, mentors, and other experts to assist in the planning and execution of career and personal goals.

CRP11. Use technology to enhance productivity.

Career-ready individuals find and maximize the productive value of existing and new technology to accomplish workplace tasks and solve workplace problems. They are flexible and adaptive in acquiring new technology. They are proficient with ubiquitous technology applications. They understand the inherent risks-personal and organizational-of technology applications, and they take actions to prevent or mitigate these risks.

CRP12. Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence.

Career-ready individuals positively contribute to every team, whether formal or informal. They apply an awareness of cultural difference to avoid barriers to productive and positive interaction. They find ways to increase the engagement and contribution of all team members. They plan and facilitate effective team meetings.

Differentiated Instruction

Strategies to Accommodate Students Based on Individual Needs

<u>Time/General</u>	<u>Processing</u>	<u>Comprehension</u>	<u>Recall</u>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Extra time for assigned tasks • Adjust length of assignment • Timeline with due dates for reports and projects • Communication system between home and school • Provide lecture notes/outline 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Extra Response time • Have students verbalize steps • Repeat, clarify or reword directions • Mini-breaks between tasks • Provide a warning for transitions • Reading partners 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Precise step-by-step directions • Short manageable tasks • Brief and concrete directions • Provide immediate feedback • Small group instruction • Emphasize multi-sensory learning 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Teacher-made checklist • Use visual graphic organizers • Reference resources to promote independence • Visual and verbal reminders • Graphic organizers
<u>Assistive Technology</u>	<u>Tests/Quizzes/Grading</u>	<u>Behavior/Attention</u>	<u>Organization</u>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Computer/whiteboard • Tape recorder • Spell-checker • Audio-taped books 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Extended time • Study guides • Shortened tests • Read directions aloud 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consistent daily structured routine • Simple and clear classroom rules • Frequent feedback 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Individual daily planner • Display a written agenda • Note-taking assistance • Color code materials

Enrichment

Strategies Used to Accommodate Based on Students Individual Needs:

- Adaption of Material and Requirements
- Evaluate Vocabulary
- Elevated Text Complexity
- Additional Projects
- Independent Student Options
- Projects completed individual or with Partners
- Self Selection of Research
- Tiered/Multilevel Activities
- Learning Centers
- Individual Response Board
- Independent Book Studies
- Open-ended activities
- Community/Subject expert mentorships

Assessments

Suggested Formative/Summative Classroom Assessments

- Timelines, Maps, Charts, Graphic Organizers
- Teacher-created Unit Assessments, Chapter Assessments, Quizzes
- Teacher-created DBQs, Essays, Short Answer
- Accountable Talk, Debate, Oral Report, Role Playing, Think Pair, and Share
- Projects, Portfolio, Presentations, Prezi, Gallery Walks
- Homework
- Concept Mapping
- Primary and Secondary Source analysis
- Photo, Video, Political Cartoon, Radio, Song Analysis
- Create an Original Song, Film, or Poem
- Glogster to make Electronic Posters
- Tumblr to create a Blog

Interdisciplinary Connections

English Language Arts

- Journal writing
- Close reading of industry-related content
- Create a brochure for a specific industry
- Keep a running word wall of industry vocabulary

Social Studies

- Research the history of a given industry/profession
- Research prominent historical individuals in a given industry/profession
- Use historical references to solve problems

World Language

- Translate industry-content
- Create a translated index of industry vocabulary
- Generate a translated list of words and phrases related to workplace safety

Math

- Research industry salaries for a geographic area and juxtapose against local cost of living
- Go on a geometry scavenger hunt
- Track and track various data, such as industry's impact on the GDP, career opportunities or among of individuals currently occupying careers

Fine & Performing Arts

- Create a poster recruiting young people to focus their studies on a specific career or industry
- Design a flag or logo to represent a given career field

Science

- Research the environmental impact of a given career or industry
- Research latest developments in industry technology
- Investigate applicable-careers in STEM fields

[New Jersey Student Learning Standards](#)

9.3– Career and Technical Education

Career Cluster: Architecture and Construction (AC)

- 9.3.12.AC.2: Use architecture and construction skills to create and manage a project .
- 9.3.12.AC.6: Read, interpret and use technical drawings, documents and specifications to plan a project

Pathway: Construction (AC-CST)

- 9.3.12. AC-CST.9: Safely use and maintain appropriate tools, machinery, equipment and resources to accomplish construction project goals.

Pathway: Design/Pre-Construction (AC-DES)

- 9.3.12.AC-DES.6 Apply the techniques and skills of modern drafting, design, engineering and construction to projects.

Pathway: Maintenance/Operations (AC-MO)

- 9.3.12.AC-MO.3 Apply construction skills when repairing, restoring or renovating existing buildings.

Common Career Technical Core (CCTC)

Architecture and Construction Career Cluster (AC)

AC 2. Use architecture and construction skills to create and manage a project.

AC 6. Read, interpret and use technical drawings, documents and specifications to plan a project.

Construction Career Pathway (AC-CST)

AC-CST 9. Safely use and maintain appropriate tools, machinery, equipment and resources to accomplish construction project goals.

Design/Pre-construction Career Pathway (AC-DES)

AC-DES.6. Apply the techniques and skills of modern drafting, design, engineering and construction to projects.

Maintenance/Operations Career Pathway (AC-MO)

AC-MO. 3. Apply construction skills when repairing, restoring or renovating existing buildings.

Common Core State Standards (CCSS)

CCSS - English-Language Arts

Key Ideas and Details:

- CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RST.11-12.1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to important distinctions the author makes and to any gaps or inconsistencies in the account.
- CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RST.11-12.2. Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; summarize complex concepts, processes, or information presented in a text by paraphrasing them in simpler but still accurate terms.
- CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RST.11-12.3. Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas:

- CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RST.11-12.10. By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 11–CCR text complexity band independently and proficiently

Range of Writing:

- CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.11-12.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences

NJSLS: MATHEMATICS

Number and Quantity

N.Q.A.1. Use units as a way to understand problems and to guide the solution of multi-step problems; Choose and interpret units consistently in formulas; Choose and interpret the scale and the origin in graphs and data displays.

N.Q.A.2. Define appropriate quantities for the purpose of descriptive modeling.

N.Q.A.3. Choose a level of accuracy appropriate to limitations on measurement when reporting quantities.

Geometry

G.CO.D.13. Construct an equilateral triangle, a square, and a regular hexagon inscribed in a circle

G.SRT.B.5. Use congruence and similarity criteria for triangles to solve problems and to prove relationships in geometric figures.

G.GPE.B.6. Find the point on a directed line segment between two given points that partitions the segment in a given ratio.

G.GPE.B.7. Use coordinates to compute perimeters of polygons and areas of triangles and rectangles, e.g., using the distance formula.

G.SRT.C.8. Use trigonometric ratios and the Pythagorean Theorem to solve right triangles in applied problems.

<p>Course: Construction I Unit: 4 – Power Tools Grade Level: 9-12</p>	<p>Unit Overview: This unit provides knowledge, skills and attributes for best practice in the safe use of Power tools in the construction environment.</p> <p>Students will become aware of the importance of safety procedures in the use of Power tools in the construction industry</p>
<p>New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJSLS): 9.3.12.AC 2,6; 9.3.12.AC-CST 9, 9.3.12.DES 6; 9.3.12.AC-MO.3.</p>	
<p>Common Career Technical Core (CCTC): AC 2, 6; AC-CST 9, AC-DES 6, AC-MO. 3.</p>	
<p>Common Core State Standards (CCSS): RST.11-12.1, RST.11-12.2, RST.11-12.3, RST.11-12.10, W.11-12.10</p>	
<p>Math Standards: N.Q.A.1-3, G.CO.D.13; G.SRT.B.5.; G.GPE.B.6;G.GPE.B.7; G.SQT.C.8.,</p>	

Student Learning Objectives (SLOs)	Essential Questions	Skills & Indicators	Sample Activities	Resources
<p>4.1. Identify, safely use and maintain power cutting tools: Portable Saws-Jig saw, cutout saws, chain saws, saw, band saw, concrete saws, and circular saws.</p> <p>NJSLS: 9.3.12.AC 2,6; 9.3.12.AC-CST 9, 9.3.12.DES 6; 9.3.12.AC-MO.3.</p> <p>CCTC: AC 2, 6; AC-CST 9, AC-DES 6, AC-MO. 3.</p> <p>CCSS: RST.11-12.1, RST.11-12.2, RST.11-12.3, RST.11-12.10, W.11-12.10</p> <p>MATH: N.Q.A.1-3.</p>	<p>Which power-cutting tool is best for the job?</p> <p>What are the safety precautions when using power tools?</p>	<p>Identifying and naming power-cutting tools by sight.</p> <p>Demonstrating basic skills to safely use and maintain various power-cutting tools.</p> <p>Selecting the proper cutting tool for the specific task.</p> <p>Awareness of the dangers associated with the use of each tool.</p> <p>Use tools to conform to safe standards and manufacture specification.</p> <p>Understand basic electrical outlet capacity.</p> <p>NOCTI TESTING.</p>	<p>Practical demonstration by student of safe practices.</p> <p>Assigned task completion to gauge mastery of safe use of cutting tools.</p> <p>Scavenger hunt. Lectures,</p> <p>Stories from the field,</p> <p>Videos and practical Application</p> <p>Read and follow tool manual.</p>	<p>IDEA (disability). http://www.parentcenterhub.org/repository/legacy/</p> <p>OSHA Website https://www.osha.gov/law-regs.html</p> <p>Online Power tools safety: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q_Kq93T90-8.</p> <p>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7Ux2C3zKiDQ</p> <p>https://www.rotozip.com/en-us/Pages/Rotozip.aspx?campaign_medium=ppc&campaign_id=googleppcToolscampaign&campaign_source=adwords&campaign_medium=search-tools&campaign_id=dv-s-tools&gclid=CKy38-</p>

<p>G.CO.D.13; G.SRT.B.5.; G.GPE.B.6;G.GPE.B.7; G.SQT.C.8.,</p>				<p>Xy_84CFUYfhgodKxoM OQ.</p> <p>Workshop Shop tools manuals.</p> <p>Site visit: Local hardware such as Lowes/ Home Depot</p>
<p>4.2. Identify, safely use and maintain various types of power drilling tools: Portable drills, and screwdrivers drills, impact wrenches drills.</p> <p>NJSLS: 9.3.12.AC 2,6; 9.3.12.AC-CST 9, 9.3.12.DES 6; 9.3.12.AC-MO.3.</p> <p>CCTC: AC 2, 6; AC-CST 9, AC-DES 6, AC-MO. 3.</p> <p>CCSS: RST.11-12.1,</p>	<p>Which power drill is best for the job?</p> <p>What are the safety precautions when using power tools?</p>	<p>Identifying and naming power drilling cutting tools by sight.</p> <p>Demonstrating basic skills to safely use and maintain various cutting tools.</p> <p>Selecting the proper power drilling tool for the specific task.</p> <p>Awareness of the dangers associated with the use of each tool.</p> <p>Use tools to conform to safe standards and manufacture</p>	<p>Practical demonstration by student of safe practices.</p> <p>Assigned task completion to gauge mastery of safe use of cutting tools.</p> <p>Scavenger hunt. Lectures</p> <p>Stories from the field,</p> <p>Videos and practical application</p> <p>Read and follow tool manual.</p>	<p>IDEA (disability). http://www.parentcenterhub.org/repository/legacy/</p> <p>OSHA Website https://www.osha.gov/law-regs.html</p> <p>Online Power tools safety: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q_Kq93T90-8. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7Ux2C3zKiDQ https://www.rotozip.com/en-us/Pages/Rotozip.aspx?</p>

<p>RST.11-12.2, RST.11-12.3, RST.11-12.10, W.11-12.10</p> <p>MATH: N.Q.A.1-3. G.CO.D.13; G.SRT.B.5.; G.GPE.B.6;G.GPE.B.7; G.SQT.C.8.,</p>		<p>specification.</p> <p>Understand basic electrical outlet capacity</p> <p>NOCTI TESTING.</p>		<p>campaign_medium=ppc&campaign_id=googleppcToolscampaign&campaign_source=adwords&campaign_medium=search-tools&campaign_id=dv-s-tools&gclid=CKy38-Xy_84CFUYfhgodKxoM0Q.</p> <p>Workshop Shop tools manuals.</p> <p>Site visit: Local hardware such as Lowes/ Home Depot</p>
<p>4.3. Identify, safely use and maintain various types of power smoothing tools: portable power planes, routers, sanders, orbital sander, belt, grinders, sander, disc sander, drum sander.</p> <p>NJSLS: 9.3.12.AC 2,6; 9.3.12.AC-CST 9, 9.3.12.DES 6;</p>	<p>Which power planar is best for the job?</p> <p>What are the safety precautions when using power tools?</p>	<p>Identifying and naming power smoothing tools by sight.</p> <p>Demonstrating basic skills to safely use and maintain various power smoothing tools.</p> <p>Selecting the proper cutting tool for the specific task.</p> <p>Awareness of the</p>	<p>Practical demonstration by student of safe practices.</p> <p>Assigned task completion to gauge mastery of safe use of cutting tools.</p> <p>Scavenger hunt. Lectures,</p> <p>Stories from the field,</p>	<p>IDEA (disability). http://www.parentcenterhub.org/repository/legacy/</p> <p>OSHA Website https://www.osha.gov/law-reg.html</p> <p>Online Power tools safety: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q_Kq93T90-8.</p>

<p>9.3.12.AC-MO.3.</p> <p>CCTC: AC 2, 6; AC-CST 9, AC-DES 6, AC-MO. 3.</p> <p>CCSS: RST.11-12.1, RST.11-12.2, RST.11-12.3, RST.11-12.10, W.11-12.10</p> <p>MATH: N.Q.A.1-3. G.CO.D.13; G.SRT.B.5.; G.GPE.B.6;G.GPE.B.7; G.SQT.C.8.,</p>		<p>dangers associated with the use of each tool.</p> <p>Use tools to conform to safe standards and manufacture specification. Understand basic electrical outlet capacity</p> <p>NOCTI TESTING.</p>	<p>Videos and practical Application</p> <p>Read and follow tool manual.</p>	<p>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7Ux2C3zKiDQ</p> <p>https://www.rotozip.com/en-us/Pages/Rotozip.aspx?campaign_medium=ppc&campaign_id=googleppcToolscampaign&campaign_source=adwords&campaign_medium=search-tools&campaign_id=dv-s-tools&gclid=CKy38-Xy_84CFUYfhgodKxoMOQ.</p> <p>Workshop Shop tools manuals.</p> <p>Site visit: Local hardware such as Lowes/ home depot.</p>
<p>4.4. Identify, safely use and maintain various types of stationary power tools: radial arm saw, table saws, compound miter saws, band saws, drill</p>	<p>Use a stationary power tool or a portable one for this job?</p> <p>What are the safety precautions when using</p>	<p>Identifying and naming stationary power tools by sight.</p> <p>Demonstrating basic skills to safely use and maintain various power</p>	<p>Practical demonstration by student of safe practices.</p> <p>Assigned task completion to gauge mastery of safe use of</p>	<p>IDEA (disability). http://www.parentcenterhub.org/repository/legacy/</p> <p>OSHA Website https://www.osha.gov/law-regs.html</p>

<p>presses, lathes.</p> <p>NJSLS: 9.3.12.AC 2,6; 9.3.12.AC-CST 9, 9.3.12.DES 6; 9.3.12.AC-MO.3.</p> <p>CCTC: AC 2, 6; AC-CST 9, AC-DES 6, AC-MO. 3.</p> <p>CCSS: RST.11-12.1, RST.11-12.2, RST.11- 12.3, RST.11-12.10, W.11-12.10</p> <p>MATH: N.Q.A.1-3. G.CO.D.13; G.SRT.B.5.; G.GPE.B.6;G.GPE.B.7; G.SQT.C.8.,</p>	<p>stationary or portable tools?</p>	<p>stationary cutting tools.</p> <p>Selecting the proper cutting tool for the specific task.</p> <p>Awareness of the dangers associated with the use of each tool.</p> <p>Use tools to conform to safe standards and manufacture specification.</p> <p>Understand basic electrical outlet capacity</p> <p>NOCTI TESTING.</p>	<p>cutting tools.</p> <p>Scavenger hunt. Lectures,</p> <p>Stories from the field,</p> <p>Videos and practical Application</p> <p>Read and follow tool manual.</p>	<p>Online Power tools safety: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q_Kq93T90-8.</p> <p>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7Ux2C3zKiDQ</p> <p>https://www.rotozip.com/en-us/Pages/Rotozip.aspx?campaign_medium=ppc&campaign_id=googleppcToolscampaign&campaign_source=adwords&campaign_medium=search-tools&campaign_id=dv-s-tools&gclid=CKy38-Xy_84CFUYfhgodKxoMOQ.</p> <p>Workshop Shop tools manuals.</p> <p>Site visit: Local hardware such as Lowes/ Home Depot</p>
<p>4.5. Identify, safely use and</p>	<p>Which power tool is best for the job, a pneumatic</p>	<p>Identifying and naming pneumatic nailers, staplers, powder-</p>	<p>Practical demonstration by student of safe</p>	<p>IDEA (disability). http://www.parentcenterh</p>

<p>maintain various pneumatic and powder actuated tools: pneumatic nailers, staplers, powder-actuated tools.</p> <p>NJSLS: 9.3.12.AC 2,6; 9.3.12.AC-CST 9, 9.3.12.DES 6; 9.3.12.AC-MO.3.</p> <p>CCTC: AC 2, 6; AC-CST 9, AC-DES 6, AC-MO. 3.</p> <p>CCSS: RST.11-12.1, RST.11-12.2, RST.11-12.3, RST.11-12.10, W.11-12.10</p> <p>MATH: N.Q.A.1-3. G.CO.D.13; G.SRT.B.5.; G.GPE.B.6;G.GPE.B.7; G.SQT.C.8.,</p>	<p>or electric?</p> <p>What are the safety precautions when using pneumatic tools?</p>	<p>actuated tools by sight.</p> <p>Demonstrating basic skills to safely use and maintain various cutting tools.</p> <p>Selecting the proper cutting tool for the specific task.</p> <p>Awareness of the dangers associated with the use of each tool.</p> <p>Use tools to conform to safe standards and manufacture specification.</p> <p>Understand basic electrical outlet capacity.</p> <p>Understand how air devices work.</p> <p>NOCTI TESTING.</p>	<p>practices.</p> <p>Assigned task completion to gauge mastery of safe use of cutting tools.</p> <p>Scavenger hunt. Lectures,</p> <p>Stories from the field,</p> <p>Videos and practical Application.</p> <p>Read and follow tool manual.</p> <p>Research what is electric current.</p> <p>Be aware of the dangers of pneumatic devices.</p>	<p>ub.org/repository/legacy/</p> <p>OSHA Website https://www.osha.gov/law-regs.html</p> <p>Online Pneumatic tools safety: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=H1CWOJ0WFLU</p> <p>https://www.google.com/search?q=pneumatic+tools&espv=2&biw=1920&bih=950&site=webhp&tbm=isch&tbo=u&source=univ&sa=X&sqi=2&pjif=1&ved=0ahUKEwi1_tHM8_OAhVGND4KHT2jA4UQsAQIRQ.</p> <p>Workshop Shop tools manuals.</p> <p>Site visit: Local hardware such as Lowes/ Home Depot</p>
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				<p>Library: Electric current.</p> <p>Pneumatic devices</p>
<p>4.6. Identify, safely use and maintain various types of welding and metal-cutting tools: Welding processes, plasma arc cutting (PAC).</p> <p>NJSLS: 9.3.12.AC 2,6; 9.3.12.AC-CST 9, 9.3.12.DES 6; 9.3.12.AC-MO.3.</p> <p>CCTC: AC 2, 6; AC-CST 9, AC-DES 6, AC-MO. 3.</p> <p>CCSS: RST.11-12.1, RST.11-12.2, RST.11-12.3, RST.11-12.10, W.11-12.10</p>	<p>Why should welding be done on the construction project?</p> <p>What are the safety precautions when using welding and metal cutting tools?</p>	<p>Identifying and naming welding processes, plasma arc cutting tools by sight.</p> <p>Demonstrating basic skills to safely use and maintain various welding processes, plasma arc cutting tools.</p> <p>Selecting the proper cutting tool for the specific task.</p> <p>Awareness of the dangers associated with the use of each tool.</p> <p>Use tools to conform to safe standards and manufacture specification.</p> <p>Understand basic</p>	<p>Practical demonstration by student of safe practices.</p> <p>Assigned task completion to gauge mastery of safe use of cutting tools.</p> <p>Scavenger hunt. Lectures,</p> <p>Stories from the field,</p> <p>Videos and practical Application.</p> <p>Read and follow tool manual.</p>	<p>IDEA (disability). http://www.parentcenterhub.org/repository/legacy/</p> <p>OSHA Website https://www.osha.gov/law-regs.html</p> <p>Online Welding equipment and cutting tools safety: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0MGF3p7FZB C. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a5O40VmiOMY Y.</p> <p>Workshop Shop tools manuals.</p> <p>Site visit: Local hardware such as</p>

MATH: N.Q.A.1-3. G.CO.D.13; G.SRT.B.5.; G.GPE.B.6;G.GPE.B.7; G.SQT.C.8.,		electrical outlet capacity		Lowes/ Home Depot
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Vocabulary	
Abrasive paper.	Paper or clothe with an abrasive material glued to one side. Used primarily for smoothing wood surfaces.
Anchor bolt	Bolt used to secure sill plates, columns, and girders to concrete or other masonry, it is hooked or has a welded pate at the non-threaded end embedded in the concrete.
Arc welding	Electrical welding procedure in which metal is melted by the heat of an electric arc. Molten metal from the tip of an electrode provides filler at the joint.
Architect	Person qualified and licensed to design and oversee construction of a building.
Backsplash	Pieces that extend up from a countertop and are fastened to the wall.
Bit	Drilling device with a screw point that is held in the jaws of a brace or drill.

Bracket	Projecting L-shaped support for a shelf or any other kind of weight.
Butt joint	Joint in which one piece butts squarely against another.
Carbide tip	Tungsten carbide metal tip that is braised to the end of each tooth of a circular saw blade and to the cutting edges of masonry drills to prolong sharpness.
Cellulose	Principal substance in the walls of wood cells.
Circumference	Perimeter of a circle
Crosscutting	Cutting with a saw across the grain of lumber.
Cut-out stringer	Stringer that has been cut to receive all the treads and risers of a stairway.
Door header	Wood member placed across the top of a rough door or window opening in a framed wall. It supports the weight from structures above the opening. Also called door lintel.
Dormer	Metal door jamb designed for walls finished off with gypsum board.
Drywall frame	Legal right of way provision on another person's property.
Excavation	Expansion joints allow for expansion of a slab due to temperature changes.
Expansion Join	
Journeyman	Worker who has completed an apprenticeship training course and passed certification requirements for working in the trades.

Lot survey	Survey of a piece of property, usually carried out by a qualified surveyor or engineer.
Open stringer	Metal plates ailed at the joints between truss members.
Partition	Interior wall.
Plumb	Exact vertical perpendicular line.
Plyform	American Plywood Association's trade name for a reusable material for concrete forms.
Plywood	Product made of wood layers glued and pressed together under high heat and pressure.
Per-hung door	Prefabricated door unit.
Rabbet	Groove cut along the edge of a piece of lumber.
Rail	Horizontal piece of panel door frame.
Reinforcing bars	Deformed steel bars placed in concrete to increase its ability to withstand weight and pressure.
Rough opening	Rough opening in a wall into which a finished door or window unit will be placed.
Saddle	Structure with a ridge sloping in two directions that is placed between the back side of a chimney and the roof sloping towards it.
Sash	Wood or metal frame into which glass panes are st.

Sawhorse	Portable work bench used by carpenters.
Scaffolding	Temporary, braced platforms wet up around building to enable carpenters to complete work that is out of reach from the floor or ground level.
Sheathing	Panels or boards placed on the outside of an exterior framed wall or roof to provide greater insulation, strength and nailing base for finish materials.
Shoring	System used to prevent the sliding or collapsed of the earth banks around an excavation.
Sidewall	Outside wall of a building.
Site	In construction work, the location of a construction project.
Split jamb	Type of jamb used with adjustable pre-hung door units.
Strike board	Straightedge used for spreading concrete.
Stud	Upright wood or steel member that extends from the bottom to the top plates of a framed wall.
Subfloor	Consists of structurally rated panels or boards fastened to the tips of the floor joists.
Template	Wood piece used to lay out and hold in position anchor bolts that must be accurately set into the tips of concrete piers or walls.
Tongue and groove	Boards of planks with a groove in one edge and a tongue on the

	<p>other edge.</p>
<p>Tread</p>	<p>Horizontal walking surface of the step of a stairway.</p>
<p>Trim</p>	<p>Finish materials such as molding placed around doors and windows and at the top and bottom of the walls.</p>
<p>Underpinning</p>	<p>Wood wall constructed directly over the foundation and below the first floor of the house.</p>
<p>Ventilation</p>	<p>In construction the provisions made in a building to permit war air to escape and to allow the circulation of air in enclosed areas.</p>
<p>Vernier</p>	<p>Graduated scale that gives fractions of a degree on leveling instruments.</p>
<p>Waterboard</p>	<p>Panel product manufactured by combing wood waters sliced from logs with an exterior grade of phenolic resin and hot pressing them into panels.</p>
<p>Web</p>	<p>Truss member that runs between and ties together the top and bottom chords.</p>
<p>Yard lumber</p>	<p>All lumber sold for structural building purposes.</p>
<p>Zoning regulation.</p>	<p>Local regulations that govern the type of buildings and structures that may be erected in different areas of a community. Most zones come under the general categories of residential, commercial, and manufacturing.</p>

Suggested Unit Projects

Choose At Least One

Apply all your knowledge and tools skills to:

- Design and construct a tool box.
- Design and construct a dog house.
- Design and construct a bird house.
- Design and construct an object of your choice but must be approved by the teacher.

If working in groups, each student must be assigned at least one specific part of that project.

Suggested Structured Learning Experiences

At least one District approved site visit to a construction site.