

Course Description

This course addresses essential end-user basics and advanced software tools with a focus on document word processing, electronic spreadsheets, and slideshows. Each underlying unit provides the student with a practical real-world application of the skills being developed. The course also provides students with an end-unit assessment opportunity to sit for the Microsoft® Office® application exams.

Workstation Essentials – Covers basic and advanced concepts of a workstation terminal situated in a professional working environment. Also covered in this unit are the occupational risks that come with working in an office setting, as well as best practices designed to mitigate them. Additionally, this unit addresses how to be a good digital citizen and practice proper digital etiquette.

Word Processing – Covers basic and advanced word processing tools essential for a vocational setting, as well higher education. Students will develop skills in screen viewing, font tools, paragraph formatting, and page layout tools.

Electronic Spreadsheets - Covers basic and advanced spreadsheet tools essential for a work setting, as well higher education. Students will develop skills in inputting and formatting data.

Electronic Slideshows - Covers basic and advanced slideshow tools essential for a work setting, as well higher education. Students will develop skills in creating and editing slides.

Applied Technology II

Pacing Guide		
Unit	Topic	Suggested Timing
Unit 1	Workstation Essentials	approx. 7 weeks
Unit 2	Intro to Document Processing	approx. 10 weeks
Unit 3	Advanced Document Processing	approx. 10 weeks
Unit 4	Electronic Spreadsheets and Slideshows	approx. 8 weeks

Educational Technology Standards

8.1.12.A.1, 8.1.12.A.3, , 8.1.12.B.2, 8.1.12.C.1, 8.1.12.D.2, 8.2.12.A.2, 8.2.12.B.2, 8.2.12.C.3

➤ **Technology Operations and Concepts**

- Create a personal digital portfolio which reflects personal and academic interests, achievements, and career aspirations by using a variety of digital tools and resources.
Collaborate in online courses, learning communities, social networks or virtual worlds to discuss a resolution to a problem or issue.

➤ **Creativity and Innovation**

Apply previous content knowledge by creating and piloting a digital learning game or tutorial

➤ **Communication and Collaboration**

- Develop an innovative solution to a real world problem or issue in collaboration with peers and experts, and present ideas for feedback through social media or in an online community.

➤ **Digital Citizenship**

- Demonstrate appropriate application of copyright, fair use and/or Creative Commons to an original work.
- Evaluate consequences of unauthorized electronic access (e.g. hacking)

➤ **Critical Thinking, Problem Solving, Decision Making**

- Evaluate the strengths and limitations of emerging technologies and their impact on educational, career, personal and or social needs.

Career Ready Practices

Career Ready Practices describe the career-ready skills that all educators in all content areas should seek to develop in their students. They are practices that have been linked to increase college, career, and life success. Career Ready Practices should be taught and reinforced in all career exploration and preparation programs with increasingly higher levels of complexity and expectation as a student advances through a program of study.

CRP1. Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee

Career-ready individuals understand the obligations and responsibilities of being a member of a community, and they demonstrate this understanding every day through their interactions with others. They are conscientious of the impacts of their decisions on others and the environment around them. They think about the near-term and long-term consequences of their actions and seek to act in ways that contribute to the betterment of their teams, families, community and workplace. They are reliable and consistent in going beyond the minimum expectation and in participating in activities that serve the greater good.

CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.

Career-ready individuals readily access and use the knowledge and skills acquired through experience and education to be more productive. They make connections between abstract concepts with real-world applications, and they make correct insights about when it is appropriate to apply the use of an academic skill in a workplace situation.

CRP3. Attend to personal health and financial well-being.

Career-ready individuals understand the relationship between personal health, workplace performance and personal well-being; they act on that understanding to regularly practice healthy diet, exercise and mental health activities. Career-ready individuals also take regular action to contribute to their personal financial well-being, understanding that personal financial security provides the peace of mind required to contribute more fully to their own career success.

CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.

Career-ready individuals communicate thoughts, ideas, and action plans with clarity, whether using written, verbal, and/or visual methods. They communicate in the workplace with clarity and purpose to make maximum use of their own and others' time. They are excellent writers; they master conventions, word choice, and organization, and use effective tone and presentation skills to articulate ideas. They are skilled at interacting with others; they are active listeners and speak clearly and with purpose. Career-ready individuals think about the audience for their communication and prepare accordingly to ensure the desired outcome.

CRP5. Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions.

Career-ready individuals understand the interrelated nature of their actions and regularly make decisions that positively impact and/or mitigate negative impact on other people, organization, and the environment. They are aware of and utilize new technologies, understandings, procedures, materials, and regulations affecting the nature of their work as it relates to the impact on the social condition, the environment and the profitability of the organization.

CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.

Career-ready individuals regularly think of ideas that solve problems in new and different ways, and they contribute those ideas in a useful and productive manner to improve their organization. They can consider unconventional ideas and suggestions as solutions to issues, tasks or problems, and they discern which ideas and suggestions will add greatest value. They seek new methods, practices, and ideas from a variety of sources and seek to apply those ideas to their own workplace. They take action on their ideas and understand how to bring innovation to an organization.

CRP7. Employ valid and reliable research strategies.

Career-ready individuals are discerning in accepting and using new information to make decisions, change practices or inform strategies. They use reliable research process to search for new information. They evaluate the validity of sources when considering the use and adoption of external information or practices in their workplace situation.

CRP8. Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

Career-ready individuals readily recognize problems in the workplace, understand the nature of the problem, and devise effective plans to solve the problem. They are aware of problems when they occur and take action quickly to address the problem; they thoughtfully investigate the root cause of the problem prior to introducing solutions. They carefully consider the options to solve the problem. Once a solution is agreed upon, they follow through to ensure the problem is solved, whether through their own actions or the actions of others.

CRP9. Model integrity, ethical leadership and effective management.

Career-ready individuals consistently act in ways that align personal and community-held ideals and principles while employing strategies to positively influence others in the workplace. They have a clear understanding of integrity and act on this understanding in every decision. They use a variety of means to positively impact the directions and actions of a team or organization, and they apply insights into human behavior to change others' action, attitudes and/or beliefs. They recognize the near-term and long-term

effects that management's actions and attitudes can have on productivity, morals and organizational culture.

CRP10. Plan education and career paths aligned to personal goals.

Career-ready individuals take personal ownership of their own education and career goals, and they regularly act on a plan to attain these goals. They understand their own career interests, preferences, goals, and requirements. They have perspective regarding the pathways available to them and the time, effort, experience and other requirements to pursue each, including a path of entrepreneurship. They recognize the value of each step in the education and experiential process, and they recognize that nearly all career paths require ongoing education and experience. They seek counselors, mentors, and other experts to assist in the planning and execution of career and personal goals.

CRP11. Use technology to enhance productivity.

Career-ready individuals find and maximize the productive value of existing and new technology to accomplish workplace tasks and solve workplace problems. They are flexible and adaptive in acquiring new technology. They are proficient with ubiquitous technology applications. They understand the inherent risks-personal and organizational-of technology applications, and they take actions to prevent or mitigate these risks.

CRP12. Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence.

Career-ready individuals positively contribute to every team, whether formal or informal. They apply an awareness of cultural difference to avoid barriers to productive and positive interaction. They find ways to increase the engagement and contribution of all team members. They plan and facilitate effective team meetings.

Differentiated Instruction

Strategies to Accommodate Students Based on Individual Needs

<u>Time/General</u>	<u>Processing</u>	<u>Comprehension</u>	<u>Recall</u>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Extra time for assigned tasks • Adjust length of assignment • Timeline with due dates for reports and projects • Communication system between home and school • Provide lecture notes/outline/copies of slides 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Extra Response time • Have students verbalize steps • Repeat, clarify or reword directions • Mini-breaks between tasks • Provide a warning for transitions • Reading partners 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Precise step-by-step directions • Short manageable tasks • Brief and concrete directions • Provide immediate feedback • Small group instruction • Emphasize multi-sensory learning 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Teacher-made checklist • Use visual graphic organizers • Reference resources to promote independence • Visual and verbal reminders • Online or hardcopy study cards for practice
<u>Assistive Technology</u>	<u>Tests/Quizzes/Grading</u>	<u>Behavior/Attention</u>	<u>Organization</u>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Computer/whiteboard • iPad/Kindle • Spell-checker • Online videos 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Extended time • Study guides • Shortened tests • Read directions aloud 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consistent daily structured routine • Simple and clear classroom rules • Frequent feedback 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Individual daily planner • Display a written agenda • Note-taking assistance • Color code materials

Enrichment

Strategies Used to Accommodate Based on Students Individual Needs:

- Adaption of Material and Requirements
- Evaluate Vocabulary
- Elevated Text Complexity
- Additional Projects
- Independent Student Options
- Projects completed individual or with Partners
- Self Selection of Research
- Tiered/Multilevel Activities
- Learning Centers
- Individual Response Board
- Independent Book Studies
- Open-ended activities
- Community/Subject expert mentorships

Assessments

Suggested Formative/Summative Classroom Assessments

- Timelines, Charts, Graphic Organizers
- Teacher-created Unit Assessments, Chapter Assessments, Quizzes
- Teacher-created DBQs, Essays, Short Answer
- Accountable Talk, Debate, Oral Report, Role Playing, Think Pair, and Share
- Projects, Portfolios, Presentations
- Homework
- Live Performance Assessment, Live Demonstration
- Microsoft® Office® Certification Exam: MS Word, MS Excel, MS PowerPoint

Interdisciplinary Connections

English Language Arts

- Question the accuracy and relevance of information
- Incorporate a variety of visual aids in publication
- Build vocabulary by reading a variety of grade-level texts and apply new vocabulary
- Keep a running word wall of industry vocabulary

Social Studies

- Research the history of a given industry/profession
- Research prominent historical individuals in a given industry/profession
- Understand how key events, people and ideas contributed to United States History

World Language

- Translate industry-content
- Create a translated index of industry vocabulary
- Generate a translated list of words and phrases related to workplace safety
- Learn the language of technology as the universal language

Math

- Interpret a graphical representation of a real-world situation
- Convert from binary to digital
- Track and track various data, such as industry's impact on the GDP, career opportunities or among of individuals currently occupying careers

Fine & Performing Arts

- Create a poster recruiting young people to focus their studies on a specific career or industry
- Design a flag or logo to represent a given career field

Science

- Identify ways in which technology has influenced the course of history and improved the quality of life
- Research latest developments in industry technology
- Explain how designing and implementing technology requires weighing trade-offs between positive and negative impacts on humans and the environment
- Investigate applicable-careers in STEM fields

New Jersey Student Learning Standards 9-12

8.1–Educational Technology

Career Cluster: Applied Technology-1

- 8.1.12.A.1: Create a personal digital portfolio which reflects personal and academic interests, achievements, and career aspiration by using a variety of digital tools and resources
- 8.1.12.A.3: Collaborate in online courses, learning communities, social networks or virtual worlds to discuss a resolution to a problem or issue.
- 8.1.12.B.2: Apply previous content knowledge by creating and piloting a digital learning game or tutorial
- 8.1.12.C.1: Develop an innovative solution to a real world problem or issue in collaboration with peers and experts, and present ideas for feedback through social media or in an online community.
- 8.1.12.D.2: Evaluate consequences of unauthorized electronic access (e.g., hacking)

8.2–Technology Education, Engineering, Design, and Computational Thinking-Programming

Career Cluster: Applied Technology-1

- 8.2.12.A.2: Analyze a current technology and the resources used, identify to identify trade-offs in terms of availability, cost, desirability and waste
- 8.2.12.B.2: Evaluate ethical considerations regarding the sustainability of environmental resources that are used for the design, creation and maintenance of a chosen product.
- 8.2.12.C.3: Analyze a product or system for factors such as safety, reliability, economic considerations, quality control, environmental concerns, manufacturability, maintenance and repair, and human factors, engineering (ergonomics).

Common Core State Standards (CCSS)

CCSS - English-Language Arts

Key Ideas and Details:

- CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.11-12.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

Craft and Structure:

- CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.11-12.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas:

- CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g. visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.

Production and Distribution of Writing:

- CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Common Core State Standards (CCSS)

CCSS - Mathematics

Reason quantitatively and use units to solve problems:

- CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.HSN.Q.A.1 Use units as a way to understand problems and to guide the solution of a multi-step problems: choose and interpret units consistently in formulas; choose and interpret the scale and the origin in graphs and data displays.

Make inferences and justify conclusions from sample surveys, experiments, and observational studies:

- CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.HSS.IC.B.6 Evaluate reports based on data.

Create equations that describe numbers or relationships:

- CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.HSA.CED.A.4 Rearrange formulas to highlight a quantity of interest, using the same reasoning as in solving equations.

<p>Course: Applied Technology II</p> <p>Unit: 2- Intro to Document Processing</p> <p>Grade Level: 9-12</p>	<p>Unit Overview:</p> <p>Students will be introduced to advanced screen manipulation tools that allow the user to view and edit content more efficiently. Students will become familiar with the various mouse pointers and components of the program window. Students will also learn how to format a document to their professional advantage using paragraph tools.</p>
<p>New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJSLS): 8.1.12.A.1, 8.1.12.A.3, 8.1.12.B.2, 8.1.12.C1, 8.1.12.C.1,8.1.12.D.2, 8.2.12.A.2, 8.2.12.B.2, 8.2.12.C.3</p>	
<p>Common Core State Standards (CCSS): RL.11-12.1; RI.11-12.4; RL.11-12.7; W.11-12.4, HSN.Q.A.1, HSS.IC.B.6, HAS.CED.A.4</p>	

Student Learning Objectives (SLOs)	Essential Questions	Skills & Indicators	Sample Activities	Resources
<p>Students will demonstrate proficiency of advanced screen viewing tools</p> <p>NJSLS: 8.1.12.A.3, 8.1.12.B.2, 8.2.12.C.3</p> <p>CCSS: RL.11-12.1, W.11-12.7, W.11-12.4, HSN.Q.A.1, HSS.IC.B.6</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How can the way you view a document impact the way in which you work on a document? • What are the benefits of using shortcuts to switch between program windows? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ How does viewing multiple program windows allow you 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Screen Viewing • Screen Navigation • Screen Manipulation • Screen Splitting • Comparing Program Windows • Screen Capturing 	<p>Pairing Activity Students will be given a series of document samples and choose which view type is best suited for the sample document. Students will explain <i>why</i> they have paired a certain view type with a specific document.</p> <p>Live Assessment Students will</p>	<p>MS Office 2010 Bucki, L., Katsaropoulos, C., Parrish, C., Weixel, S., & Wempen, F. (2010). <i>Learning Microsoft Office 2010: Deluxe Edition</i>. Boston: Pearson.</p> <p>MS Word 2010 CCI Solutions, Inc. (2010). <i>Microsoft Word 2010: Core Skills</i>.</p>

Student Learning Objectives (SLOs)	Essential Questions	Skills & Indicators	Sample Activities	Resources
	to work more efficiently?		<p>demonstrate the live task of zooming in/out using multiple methods in front of their peers and will provide insight as to their preferred method</p> <p>Game Activity Interactive Training game that engages students to perform the different ways to switch between program windows and capture screen data</p>	<p>ISBN: 978-1-55332-293-1</p> <p>MS Word 2007 Rutkosky, N., & Rutkosky Roggenkamp, A. (2008). <i>Microsoft® Word 2007: Windows XP Edition</i>. St. Paul, MN: Paradigm Publishing, Inc. ISBN: 978-0-76383-214-8</p> <p>Office.com Microsoft. (2016). <i>Office Help And Training</i>. Retrieved from: https://support.office.com</p> <p>Online Video Tutorial Shift. (2014, March 10). <i>Zoom In and Zoom Out of Microsoft Word 2013</i>. Retrieved from YouTube: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=H4GjyRrTZf4</p>

Student Learning Objectives (SLOs)	Essential Questions	Skills & Indicators	Sample Activities	Resources
<p>Students will demonstrate working knowledge of the program screen components</p> <p>NJSLS: 8.1.12.A.3, 8.1.12.B.2, 8.2.12.C.3</p> <p>CCSS: RL.11-12.1, W.11-12.7, W.11-12.4, HSN.Q.A.1, HSS.IC.B.6</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Why does the mouse pointer change while carrying out certain tasks? • Why is it valuable to know where your screen tools are situated? • What does hiding the ribbon do for the program user? • What essential groups of tools belong in the home ribbon? Explain why. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying mouse pointers • Identifying screen components • Show/Hide the ribbon • Customize the ribbon 	<p>Pairing Activity Students will match the different areas of the program screen with the appropriate terminology</p> <p>Live Assessment Students will demonstrate the live task of identifying the different mouse pointers and explain what each pointer is used for and why it changes to accommodate certain tasks</p> <p>Diagram Students will draft a diagram to design their own customized program window using the components and terminology covered in this unit section</p>	<p>MS Office 2010 Bucki, L., Katsaropoulos, C., Parrish, C., Weixel, S., & Wempen, F. (2010). <i>Learning Microsoft Office 2010: Deluxe Edition</i>. Boston: Pearson.</p> <p>MS Word 2010 CCI Solutions, Inc. (2010). <i>Microsoft Word 2010: Core Skills</i>. ISBN: 978-1-55332-293-1</p> <p>MS Word 2007 Rutkosky, N., & Rutkosky Roggenkamp, A. (2008). <i>Microsoft® Word 2007: Windows XP Edition</i>. St. Paul, MN: Paradigm Publishing, Inc. ISBN: 978-0-76383-214-8</p>

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				<p>Office.com Microsoft. (2016). <i>Office Help And Training</i>. Retrieved from: https://support.office.com</p> <p>Online Video Tutorial Simon Sez IT. (2014, October 23). <i>Word 2013 for Beginners Part 1: An Introduction to Using Word 2013</i>. Retrieved from YouTube: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=b7YOR0dmSlc</p>
<p>Students will demonstrate proper use of font tools and effects</p> <p>NJSLS: 8.1.12.A.1, 8.1.12.B.2, 8.2.12.A.2, 8.2.12.B.2, 8.2.12.C.3</p> <p>CCSS: RL.11-12.1, RL.11-12.4, W.11-12.4, HSN.Q.A.1, HSS.IC.B.6</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How does using serif typeface enhance your document? • How does using sans-serif typeface enhance your document? • What is your preferred method to change the size of 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Changing font • Identifying typeface • Adjusting Font Size • Font Dialogue Box Tools • Font Effects 	<p>Short Essay Students will type a two paragraph essay on their favorite hobby in sans serif font. They will have their peers read the essay and record the average time it takes to read the text. Students will then update the text to a serif typeface and record the progression of</p>	<p>MS Office 2010 Bucki, L., Katsaropoulos, C., Parrish, C., Weixel, S., & Wempen, F. (2010). <i>Learning Microsoft Office 2010: Deluxe Edition</i>. Boston: Pearson.</p> <p>MS Word 2010 CCI Solutions, Inc.</p>

Student Learning Objectives (SLOs)	Essential Questions	Skills & Indicators	Sample Activities	Resources
	<p>font? Explain why.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Why is there a font dialogue box if you already have font tools in the Home ribbon? • What is the benefit of using super/sub-script font tools? 		<p>the average time it takes to read the essay in serif typeface.</p> <p>Scenario Based Problem(s) Students will be given a series of scenario based dilemmas where they will be required to make a judgment on which typeface to use</p> <p>Pairing Activity Students will pair a specific typeface from a list with several program document types</p>	<p>(2010). <i>Microsoft Word 2010: Core Skills</i>. ISBN: 978-1-55332-293-1</p> <p>MS Word 2007 Rutkosky, N., & Rutkosky Roggenkamp, A. (2008). <i>Microsoft® Word 2007: Windows XP Edition</i>. St. Paul, MN: Paradigm Publishing, Inc. ISBN: 978-0-76383-214-8</p> <p>Office.com Microsoft. (2016). <i>Office Help And Training</i>. Retrieved from: https://support.office.com</p> <p>Online Video Tutorial eHowTech. (2015, May 27). <i>How to Use Font Effects in Microsoft Word 2007</i>. Retrieved from YouTube:</p>

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<p>Students will demonstrate proper use of paragraph formatting tools</p> <p>NJSLS: 8.1.12.A.1, 8.1.12.B.2, 8.2.12.A.2, 8.2.12.B.2, 8.2.12.C.3</p> <p>CCSS: RL.11-12.1, RL.11-12.4, W.11-12.4, HSN.Q.A.1, HSS.IC.B.6</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When would you want to align your text to the Left, Right, Center, or Justify to both margins? • Why are there different methods to align text? • Why would you align text using keystrokes? • When is it useful to apply bulleting to a document? • When is it useful to apply numbering to a document? • When is it necessary to display and hide the ruler? 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Paragraph Alignment • Bulleting • Numbering • Displaying the Ruler • Indentation • Document Spacing • Paragraph Shading • Data Sorting 	<p>Flyer Document Students will draft a promotional document for students clubs listing selling points on why someone would want to join. Students will properly first line indent paragraphs. They will also list bullets of the top selling points of their club of choice. Students will shade every other group of text and alphabetically sort bullet point data.</p> <p>Live Assessment Students will demonstrate the live task of identifying the different methods to align text in front of their peers and will explain why they prefer one method over the alternative method</p>	<p>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8F0t7kmjX7M</p> <p>MS Office 2010 Bucki, L., Katsaropoulos, C., Parrish, C., Weixel, S., & Wempen, F. (2010). <i>Learning Microsoft Office 2010: Deluxe Edition</i>. Boston: Pearson.</p> <p>MS Word 2010 CCI Solutions, Inc. (2010). <i>Microsoft Word 2010: Core Skills</i>. ISBN: 978-1-55332-293-1</p> <p>MS Word 2007 Rutkosky, N., & Rutkosky Roggenkamp, A. (2008). <i>Microsoft® Word 2007: Windows XP Edition</i>. St. Paul, MN: Paradigm Publishing, Inc.</p>

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When would you use hanging indentation over first line indentation? • What impact does shading a paragraph have on your document? • When is it useful to alphabetize and/or numerically sort data within your document? 		<p>Diagram Students will draft a letter diagram in accordance with MLA academic standards to indicate which areas of a sample document require indenting and line spacing</p>	<p>ISBN: 978-0-76383-214-8</p> <p>Office.com Microsoft. (2016). <i>Office Help And Training</i>. Retrieved from: https://support.office.com</p> <p>Online Video Tutorial The Teacher. (2015, November 15). <i>Microsoft Word 216 / 2013 Paragraph Formatting and Alignments</i>. Retrieved from YouTube: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=k6H2ZhtcNLs</p>
<p>Students will employ the use of page layout tools for their document</p> <p>NJSLS: 8.1.12.A.1, 8.1.12.B.2, 8.2.12.A.2, 8.2.12.B.2, 8.2.12.C.3</p> <p>CCSS: RL.11-12.1, RL.11-12.4, W.11-12.4,</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When would you want to switch the layout of your document from Portrait to Landscape? • Why would you want to change the paper size dimensions of 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Page Layout Tools • Document Paper Size • Text Columns • Page Breaks • Inserting Watermarks 	<p>Tri-Fold Pamphlet Students will create a tri-fold promotional pamphlet for their simulation small business with text split into columns using landscape orientation and legal paper size</p>	<p>MS Office 2010 Bucki, L., Katsaropoulos, C., Parrish, C., Weixel, S., & Wempen, F. (2010). <i>Learning Microsoft Office 2010: Deluxe Edition</i>. Boston: Pearson.</p>

Student Learning Objectives (SLOs)	Essential Questions	Skills & Indicators	Sample Activities	Resources
HSN.Q.A.1, HSS.IC.B.6	<p>your document?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How do columns allow the user to arrange text? What is the benefit? • Why does “page color” not reflect when printing a document? 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Applying Page Colors • Page Borders 	<p>Scenario Based Problem(s) Students will be given a series of scenario based dilemmas where they will be required to decide which documents would benefit from splitting text into columns</p> <p>Diagram Students will draft a diagram to reflect specific margin points on a document in order to acknowledge precise page parameters</p>	<p>MS Word 2010 CCI Solutions, Inc. (2010). <i>Microsoft Word 2010: Core Skills</i>. ISBN: 978-1-55332-293-1</p> <p>MS Word 2007 Rutkosky, N., & Rutkosky Roggenkamp, A. (2008). <i>Microsoft® Word 2007: Windows XP Edition</i>. St. Paul, MN: Paradigm Publishing, Inc. ISBN: 978-0-76383-214-8</p> <p>Office.com Microsoft. (2016). <i>Office Help And Training</i>. Retrieved from: https://support.office.com</p> <p>Online Video Tutorial Nicholas Dingle. (2015, April 15). <i>Microsoft Word Tutorials – Page Layout</i>.</p>

Student Learning Objectives (SLOs)	Essential Questions	Skills & Indicators	Sample Activities	Resources
				Retrieved from YouTube: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hcIQZeR7LTw

Unit 2 Vocabulary

Bullets
Columns
Dialogue Box
Document Styles
Font Effects
Font Tools
I-beam Pointer
Indentation
Justify
Landscape
Legal Size
Letter Size
Line Spacing
New Line Command
Numbering
Options Box
Page Borders

New Line Command
Page Margins
Page Orientation
Page Setup
Paragraph Alignment
Paragraph Spacing
Portrait
Ribbon
Right-Click
Selecting Text
Small caps
Subscript
Superscript
Strikethrough Effect
Text Alignment
Typeface
Watermark

Suggested Unit Projects

Choose At Least One

Newsletter Project

Students will create, draft, and edit their own company newsletter that will emulate that of a realistic small business. Students will format sections of the newsletter to reflect text in columns, a page color background, and watermark.

Detailed Restaurant Menu Project

Students will create a detailed restaurant menu using the necessary font and page layout tools to properly format the document. Students will split the text into columns and provide descriptions, images, and prices for the menu items.

Suggested Structured Learning Experiences

Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation

570 Washington Blvd. Jersey City, NJ 07310
 (201) 659-4612
<http://www.dtcc.com/>

New York Stock Exchange - Mark J. Muller Equities, Inc.

11 Wall St. New York, NY 10005
 (212) 656-3000
<https://www.nyse.com/index>

Microsoft District Office - Computer Training School

101 S Wood Ave #900, Iselin, NJ 08830
 (732) 635-9033
<http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/learning/>

Paterson Public School District - Dept. of Technology

90 Delaware Ave. Paterson, NJ
 (973) 321-0905
http://www.paterson.k12.nj.us/11_departments/technology.php