

## Junior Health Baseline Data Assessment (Version A)

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

### **Multiple Choice**

Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question. (4 points each)

- \_\_\_1. The leading cause of death among young people is
  - a. Motor vehicle collisions.
  - b. Cancer.
  - c. AIDS.
  - d. Homicide.
- \_\_\_2. Running children and bicyclists can be expected in a
  - a. School zone.
  - b. Tow-away zone.
  - c. No-parking zone.
  - d. Bus- loading zone.
- \_\_\_3. A beginning driver may tend to under steer. This means the
  - a. Driver turns the steering wheel too little.
  - b. Driver turns the steering wheel too much.
  - c. Vehicle tends to go straight in a curve.
  - d. Vehicle tends to slide in a curve.
- \_\_\_4. Which lane should you be in to begin a left turn from a two-way street?
  - a. The right lane, if there are no parked vehicles.
  - b. The lane closest to the center line.
  - c. Any lane, if there is no other traffic present.
  - d. The lane nearest to the right curb.
- \_\_\_5. Once in an intersection,
  - a. You may make any lane changes you desire.
  - b. You must be in the center lane to turn.
  - c. You can change your mind about turning.
  - d. You may not make any lane changes.
- \_\_\_6. If an emergency vehicle is approaching in heavy traffic, you should
  - a. Flash your headlights to alert the driver ahead.
  - b. Stop immediately.
  - c. Move in the direction other drivers moving.
  - d. Go through the intersection quickly.
- \_\_\_7. Motorcyclists should make every effort to
  - a. Drive on the shoulders of the road.
  - b. Be invisible.
  - c. Be as visible as possible.
  - d. Ride in the blind-spot areas of other vehicles.

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- \_\_\_ 8. When changing lanes, check the blind spot by
  - a. Checking over your shoulder in the direction you are going to move.
  - b. Signaling your intentions early.
  - c. Looking over your left shoulder every time.
  - d. Looking in rearview mirrors.
- \_\_\_ 9. When driving on a multilane highway, you should usually position your vehicle in
  - a. The right- hand lane.
  - b. The left-hand lane.
  - c. The lane closest to the center line.
  - d. Any available lane.
- \_\_\_ 10. Narrow shoulders, bridges, ditches, guardrails, and trees are examples of
  - a. Roadside advantages.
  - b. Roadside hazards.
  - c. Escape paths.
  - d. Driving attractions.
- \_\_\_ 11. Determining safe speed is the
  - a. Easiest decision in rural driving.
  - b. Most difficult part of rural driving.
  - c. Most important decision in rural driving.
  - d. Least understood factor in rural driving.
- \_\_\_ 12. A wolf pack on an expressway is a
  - a. Bunch of vehicles.
  - b. Bunch of wild dogs.
  - c. Widely scattered group of cars.
  - d. Driver alone in traffic.
- \_\_\_ 13. When driving in the winter, you should
  - a. Make an extra effort to use the IPDE process.
  - b. Drive the same as in other seasons.
  - c. Use the same following distance as in other conditions.
  - d. Always cover the brake pedal.
- \_\_\_ 14. When law enforcement officers in many states suspect a driver is DUI or DWI, they can give a series of on-the-spot, roadside checks known as a
  - a. Breathalyzer.
  - b. Field sobriety test.
  - c. Blood screening.
  - d. Intoxilizer test.
- \_\_\_ 15. At what rate does the average person's system oxidize alcohol?
  - a. 2 drinks per hour.
  - b.  $\frac{3}{4}$  of a drink per hour.
  - c. 1-1/2 drinks per hour.
  - d. 3 drinks per hour.

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- \_\_\_ 16. The person who will give the most reliable information about the condition of a used vehicle is
- a. Your insurance agent.
  - b. The previous owner.
  - c. The department of motor vehicle licensing.
  - d. The used-car dealer.
- \_\_\_ 17. Insurance that pays for damage to your vehicle that is caused by something other than a collision is called
- a. Comprehensive insurance.
  - b. Uninsured motorist insurance.
  - c. Collision insurance.
  - d. Liability insurance.
- \_\_\_ 18. Before buying a used vehicle, always
- a. Demand to see maintenance records for the vehicle.
  - b. Check the engine for cleanliness.
  - c. Determine whether the tires have been recently replaced.
  - d. Test drive the vehicle.
- \_\_\_ 19. Emergency equipment carried in your vehicle should include
- a. Basic tools and a fire extinguisher.
  - b. A repair manual.
  - c. Extra gasoline.
  - d. Spare light bulbs.
- \_\_\_ 20. Drivers over the age of 21 are charged with driving under the influence when they are caught driving with a BAC that exceeds the legal limit of
- a. 0.00
  - b. 0.04
  - c. 0.08
  - d. 0.10
- \_\_\_ 21. A yellow light or arrow means
- a. Yield to the vehicles on the right.
  - b. Hurry to pass before the light changes.
  - c. You may turn right with caution.
  - d. A red light or a red arrow is about to appear.
- \_\_\_ 22. The alternator warning light indicates
- a. The alternator is working OK.
  - b. The alternator is checking itself out.
  - c. The alternator is too hot.
  - d. Trouble in the electrical system.

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**Essay**

In no more than 3 paragraphs answer the following questions. Please answer the questions in complete sentences on the answer sheet provided. (4 points each)

23. Derek is a 150-pound male, Penelope is a 120-pound female, and Bryana is a 150-pound female. These three friends each have two slices of pizza for dinner then go to a party, where they each drink 5 beers in two hours. Rank the three friends according to BAC, from highest to lowest. Explain your rankings.

24. What are the major costs of owning a vehicle?

25. Explain I.P.D.E. method?